XTI Xonix Technologies, Inc. v. AT&T Civ. No. 92-694-RE Adv. Pro.No. 91-3510
In re XTI Xonix Technologies Inc. Case No. 391-36468-S07

10/5/92 J. Redden

The debtor changed it's name from Tom Peterson, Inc. to XTI Xonix Technologies Inc. Defendant AT&T failed to amend its financing statement to reflect the name change within the four month period prescribed by ORS 79.4020(7). The trustee, debtor and a competing creditor argued that if the name change rendered the original financing statement seriously misleading, the filing was not effective to perfect a security interest in collateral acquired by the debtor more than four months after the name change.

Eight months after the debtor changed it's name, AT&T filed an amendment to its financing statement reflecting the name change, and referring to the original financing statement.

The district court affirmed Judge Sullivan's oral ruling that the amendment to a pre-existing financing statement constituted an adequate new financing statement under ORS 79.4020(1). The amendment provided adequate notice to other creditors, and perfected AT&T's interest in the debtor's inventory before any party could have been misled.

The case was remanded for further briefing on AT&T's interest in the collateral.

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CLERK, US DISTRICT CANA
DISTRICT OF CASCAGE
PORTLAND CONTO

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE DISTRICT OF OREGON

In re)	
XTI XONIX TECHNOLOGIES	ý	Civil No. 92-694 RE
INCORPORATED, an Oregon)	
corporation,)	JUDGMENT
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Based on the record,

IT IS ORDERED that AT&T's interest in collateral is reversed and remanded for further briefing. This action is dismissed.

Dated this 5th day of October, 1992.

DONALD M. CINNAMOND, CLERK UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF OREGON

JA.

rid A. Campbell, Deputy

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OLERK, US DISTRICT COULT DISTRICT OF OREGAN PORTLAMO, PEOPLE

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE DISTRICT OF OREGON

In re XTI XONIX TECHNOLOGIES Civil No. 92-694-RE INCORPORATED, an Oregon Bankruptcy Case No. corporation, 391-36468-S07 Debtor-in-possession. ORDER XTI XONIX TECHNOLOGIES INCORPORATED, an Oregon corporation, Debtor, v. AT&T COMMERCIAL FINANCE CORPORATION, a Delaware corporation; and FIRST INTERSTATE BANK OF OREGON, N.A.,

REDDEN, Judge:

Defendants.

Debtor's appeal (doc. # 36) is ruled upon as follows: the bankruptcy court's decision regarding the 20 August 1990 filing

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is affirmed. Pursuant to the parties' representations, whether debtor's name change rendered the original financing statement seriously misleading need not be addressed, and the decision regarding AT&T's interest in collateral is reversed and remanded for further briefing.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated this ____ day of October, 1992.

Redden United States District Judge

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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE DISTRICT OF OREGON

In re

XTI XONIX TECHNOLOGIES INCORPORATED, an Oregon corporation,

Debtor-in-possession.

XTI XONIX TECHNOLOGIES INCORPORATED, an Oregon corporation,

Debtor,

v.

AT&T COMMERCIAL FINANCE CORPORATION, a Delaware corporation; and FIRST INTERSTATE BANK OF OREGON, N.A.,

Defendants.

Fred M. Granum
Richard Baroway
Tanya M. Gross
Garvey, Schubert & Barer
Eleventh Floor

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Civil No. 92-694-RE Bankruptcy Case No. 391-36468-S07

OPINION

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Portland, Oregon 97204
Attorneys for Edward C. Hostmann, Trustee

Louis Henry

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Miller, Nash, Wiener, Hager & Carlsen

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Attorneys for Defendant AT&T Commercial Finance Corporation

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Attorneys for First Interstate Bank of Oregon, N.A.

REDDEN, Judge:

Edward C. Hostmann, bankruptcy trustee, appeals from the 13 November 1991 judgment of the bankruptcy court, which concluded that (1) it lacked sufficient information to determine whether the debtor's name change rendered defendant AT&T's original financing statement seriously misleading; (2) AT&T's 20 August 1990 amendment to its financing statement was effective as a new financing statement; and (3) AT&T had a valid security interest in collateral. For the reasons that follow, this court affirms the bankruptcy's ruling regarding the 20 August filing. The parties agreed in oral argument that such a ruling moots the first issue, and that the third issue should be reversed and remanded for further briefing.

Standards

The bankruptcy court's conclusions of law are reviewed <u>de</u> novo by this court. <u>In re Mellor</u>, 734 F.2d 1396, 1399 (9th Cir. 1984). The "clearly erroneous" standard of review is applied to the bankruptcy court's findings of fact. Bankruptcy Rule 8013; 2 - OPINION

In re American Mariner Industries, Inc., 734 F.2d 426, 429 (9th Cir. 1984).

This appeal concerns the bankruptcy court's conclusions of law regarding uncontested factual findings. The <u>de novo</u> standard of review applies.

Background

Debtor is an Oregon corporation, formerly named Tom Peterson, Inc. In August 1989, debtor executed an Agreement for Wholesale Financing with AT&T Credit Corporation ("AT&T"). An original financing statement was filed with the Oregon Secretary of State by AT&T, naming Tom Peterson, Inc. as debtor, on 21 August 1989.

Debtor also executed an Agreement for Wholesale Financing with ITT Commercial Finance Corp. ("ITT") on 14 August 1989; ITT filed a financing statement with the Oregon Secretary of State on 1 September 1989. Three months later, in December 1989, debtor filed Articles of Amendment changing its name from Tom Peterson, Inc., to XTI Xonix Technologies Inc. The name change was effective 1 January 1990.

If a debtor's name change is seriously misleading, O.R.S. 79.4020(7) requires creditors to file amended financing statements reflecting the change within four months. On 20 April 1990 ITT filed a form amending its 1 September 1989 financing statement as to debtor's name. Then, ten months later, in February 1991, ITT assigned its interest in debtors' inventory to AT&T.

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Meanwhile, AT&T failed to amend its financing statement to reflect the name change within the four month period (January through April 1990). On 20 August 1990, however, AT&T filed an amendment to its financing statement that acknowledged changes in debtor's name and address, and AT&T's name change to AT&T Commercial Finance Corporation.

On 7 October 1991 debtor filed a voluntary petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. Ten days later, on 17 October 1991, debtor filed a complaint to avoid lien, naming AT&T as defendant. A motion for expedited hearing was granted, and on 21 October 1991 debtor filed (1) an amended complaint to avoid lien (adding First Interstate Bank of Oregon, N.A. (("FIOR")) as co-defendant) and (2) a motion for partial summary judgment against AT&T. AT&T filed a cross-motion for partial summary judgment on 29 October 1991.

In its motion for partial summary judgment, debtor alleged that AT&T's security interest in inventory and proceeds lapsed when AT&T failed to file a new financing statement within four months of the debtor's name change from Tom Peterson, Inc., to XTI Xonix Technologies Inc. The bankruptcy court denied debtor's motion for partial summary judgment and granted AT&T's cross motion for partial summary judgment. The court issued oral findings, determining that (1) there were insufficient facts to decide whether debtor's name change rendered AT&T's original financing statement "seriously misleading"; (2) AT&T's original financing statement adequately protected AT&T's security interest

through 30 April 1990; (3) AT&T's amendment on 20 August 1990 qualified as a new financing statement and perfected AT&T's security interest as of that date; (4) AT&T's security interest may have been unperfected between 30 April and 20 August 1990, but that lapse was irrelevant as between parties; and (5) AT&T had a perfected security interest in the collateral assigned to it by ITT.

Debtor and FIOR filed motions for leave to appeal and notices of appeal, which were granted on 2 January 1992 and consolidated by court order on 15 January 1992. The consolidated appeal makes three arguments:

- (1) Debtor's name change from Tom Peterson, Inc. to XTI Xonix Technologies Inc., is so drastic that it rendered AT&T's financing statement seriously misleading under 0.R.S. 79.4020(7), and the bankruptcy court should have so decided under the uncontested facts;
- (2) the court erred in concluding that AT&T's amendment on 20 August 1990 qualified as a new perfection because it failed to describe the collateral, refer to the old filing or indicate where another creditor could find a collateral description; and finally,
- (3) the court erred in ruling that AT&T held a valid, perfected security interest in collateral assigned to it by ITT, since this issue was not before the court.

During oral argument of this appeal, the parties agreed that the decision regarding the third issue should be reversed, since the question of whether AT&T held a valid, perfected security interest in collateral assigned to it by ITT was not properly before the bankruptcy court. The bankruptcy court's ruling, therefore, is partially reversed, and the question of AT&T's interest in collateral is remanded for further briefing.

<u>Argument</u>

Did the court err in concluding that AT&T's filing on 20 August 1990 qualified as a new perfection?

Trustee argues that AT&T's filing on 20 August 1990 failed to correct AT&T's lapse after 30 April, because the filing failed to describe the collateral, refer to the old filing, or indicate where another creditor could find a collateral description. The parties agree that a decision favoring AT&T on this issue moots the argument concerning whether the bankruptcy court erred in concluding there were insufficient facts to decide if the name change rendered AT&T's security interest "seriously misleading."

The bankruptcy judge ruled that the filing contained the names, addresses, and signatures of the debtor and the secured creditor, and referred to the earlier financing statements, thereby meeting the requirements of O.R.S. 79.4020(1). The judge concluded that the reference to the earlier statement was sufficient to provide a description of the collateral, because there is no dispute that the earlier statement was effective and valid. The judge also accepted AT&T's affidavit that a creditor would have found AT&T's financing statements under Xonix in the Secretary of State's records as of 1 September 1990, as a result of AT&T's 20 August filing.

The statute involved, O.R.S. 79.4020(1), provides:

A financing statement is sufficient if it gives the names of the debtor and the secured party, is signed by the debtor, gives an address of the secured party from which information concerning the security interest may be obtained, gives a mailing address of the debtor and contains a statement indicating the types, or describing the items of collateral.

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Trustee arques the 20 August 1990 filing lacked description of the collateral, and failed to specifically incorporate the collateral description from AT&T's original statement. Trustee contends that the bankruptcy court's decision to allow the 20 August filing to protect AT&T violates the U.C.C.'s purpose of establishing clarity and certainty in secured transactions law. Trustee cites In re Wayne's Olive Knoll Farms, Inc., 21 U.C.C. Rep Serv 1210 (Bankr. E.D. Cal. 1976), in which a court rejected the argument that a continuation statement's reference to an expired, void initial statement incorporated by reference the information contained in the expired statement.

The purpose of financing statements, however, is to put other creditors on notice, and the validity of a statement depends on its ability to provide such notice. Matter of Reiber, 740 F.2d 10 (8th Cir. 1984). The 20 August filing provided such notice, and adequately incorporated AT&T's still-valid original statement -- the original statement's validity distinguishes Olive Knoll.

establish that the U.C.C.'s purpose of certainty and clarity is violated. The U.C.C. acknowledges that notice merely indicates the possibility of a secured interest -- "Further inquiry from the parties concerned will be necessary to disclose the complete state of affairs." Official Comment No. 2 to § 9-402 of the U.C.C. This court joins in the bankruptcy court reliance upon PA Record Outlet, Inc. v. Mellon Bank, N.A., 894 F.2d 631 (3rd Cir.

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1990), which held that a creditor filing an amendment after its debtor changed its name perfected its interest because the amendment constituted an adequate new financing statement by referring to the original financing statement. Trustee's attempt to distinguish this case because the amendment was filed within the four month period after the name change fails. Mellon establishes that an amendment to a pre-existing statement can qualify even if it is necessary to incorporate by reference information from that pre-existing statement.

This court affirms the bankruptcy court's ruling as it pertains to the adequacy of AT&T's 20 August 1990 filing. That filing satisfies the requirements of O.R.S. 79.4020(1). Even if debtor's name change rendered AT&T's old filing seriously misleading, AT&T perfected its interest in debtor's inventory before any party could have been misled.

Debtor's appeal is ruled upon as follows: the bankruptcy court's decision regarding the 20 August 1990 filing is affirmed. Pursuant to the parties' representations, whether debtor's name change rendered the original financing statement seriously misleading need not be addressed, and the decision regarding AT&T's interest in collateral is reversed and remanded for further briefing.

Dated this ____ day of October, 1992.

James A. Redden

United States District Judge

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